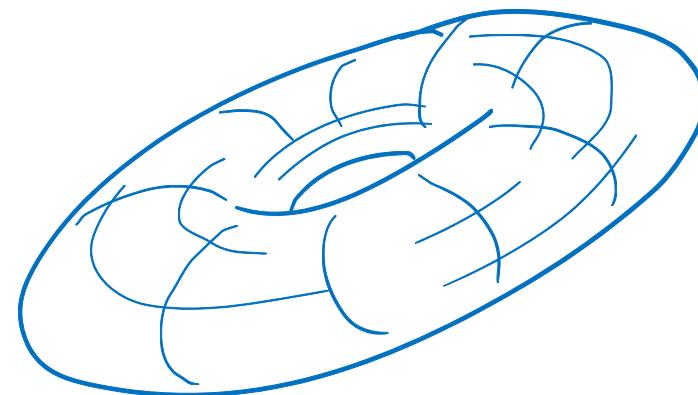


$\pi$

and

elliptic  
curves



$$e^{\pi\sqrt{163}} = 262537412640768743.9999999999992500725\dots$$

Transcendental number!



## Theorem (Gelfond-Schneider, 1934)

If  $a, b$  are algebraic numbers with  $a \neq 0, 1$  and  $b$  irrational,  
then any value of  $a^b$  is a transcendental number.

Ex  $e^{\pi\sqrt{163}} = e^{i\pi \cdot i\sqrt{163}} = (-1)^{\sqrt{-163}}$  is transcendental!

$$K = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{-163})$$

$$E_{163}: y^2 + y = x^3 - 2174420x + 1234136692$$

$$\text{End}(E_{163}) \cong \mathcal{O}_K \cong \mathbb{Z}\left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{-163}}{2}\right] \text{ so } E_{163} \text{ has CM.}$$

( $\Rightarrow E_{163}$  has potential good reduction at all primes)

$$\Rightarrow j(E_{163}) \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$j(E_{163}) = -26253741260768\underset{\text{...}}{000} = -2^{18} \cdot 3^3 \cdot 5^3 \cdot 23^3 \cdot 29^3$$

Also  $E/\mathbb{C} \cong \mathbb{C}/\Lambda$  and  $\Lambda = \langle w_1, w_2 \rangle$  is unique up to homothety!  
 $\cong \mathbb{C}/\langle 1, \tau \rangle_{\tau \in H}$

$$\mathbb{C}/\Lambda \cong \mathbb{C}/\langle 1, \frac{w_1}{w_2} \rangle \cong \mathbb{C}/\langle 1, \frac{w_2}{w_1} \rangle$$

Turns out:  $E_{163}/\mathbb{C} \rightarrow \Lambda = \left\langle 1, \underbrace{\frac{1 + \sqrt{-163}}{2}}_{\text{generate } \mathbb{Z}} \right\rangle$   
 Or, w/  $K = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{-163})$ .

One can give an expression:

$$j(E) = j(\tau) = j(q) \quad q = e^{2\pi i \tau}$$

$\uparrow$

$E/\mathbb{C} \cong \mathbb{C}/\langle 1, \tau \rangle$

$$j(q) = \frac{1}{q} + 744 + 196884q + 21493760q^2 + \dots$$

(q-expansion)

In our case  $\tau = \frac{1 + \sqrt{-163}}{2}$

$$q = e^{\pi i(1 + \sqrt{-163})} = e^{\pi i} \cdot e^{\pi i \sqrt{-163}}$$
$$= -e^{-\pi \sqrt{163}} = -\frac{1}{e^{\pi \sqrt{163}}}$$
$$\approx -3.809 \cdot 10^{-18} \quad (\text{VERY SMALL!})$$

Thus!  $j(E_{163}) \approx \frac{1}{q} + 744 \quad \left( + \underbrace{196884 \cdot q}_{\text{error } \approx 10^{-12}} + \dots \right)$

$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{744}_{\in \mathbb{Z}} - \underbrace{j(E_{163})}_{\in \mathbb{Z}} \approx -\frac{1}{q} = e^{\pi \sqrt{163}}$$

$e^{\pi \sqrt{163}}$   
is an integer  
(up to an error of  $10^{-12}$ )











